CSE 8803RS: Recommendation Systems Summary of Topics

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- it seems that a more up to date survey paper will be useful
 - Examples of Recommenders
 - Categorizations of Recommenders
 - Content-based
 - Collaborative filtering: memory-based; model-based
 - Challenging issues for Recommenders

We study several classical papers on early recommender systems

- Tapestry
 - emails and news
- GroupLens
 - NetNews
- Virtual Community
 - Movies
- Ringo
 - Music and artists

Two classical approaches for CF

- User-based methods vs. Item-based methods
- Duality of users and items; asymmetry in real-world applications
- Similarity measures and extensions
- Fast methods for computing item similarity tables
- Experiments

This is a very practical issue in CF, and its effective resolution will impact user experience/retaintion

- The idea of user feature profiles and coverage
- Biclustering based users' ratings
- Approaches based on case-based reasoning

We focused on the workhorse of CF using matrix factorization methods

- all those methods are related to SVD and low-rank factorization
 - SVD and regularized SVD
 - simple idea of shrinking to zero
 - Several other tricks for real-world applications
 - bias removal
 - predicted score trimming
 - representing user profiles using rated item profiles
 - Incorporating memory-based methods

Several more disciplined, model-based formulations of matrix factorization

- Maximum-margin matrix factorization
 - a classical paper, leading to SDP
- Probabilistic and Bayesian formulation
 - User/item profiles modeled by Gassians, add priors to those Gaussians
 - Gibbs sampling for posteriors and predictive distributions

Theoretical analysis: random missing model, low-rank assumption, exact recovery of missing entries

- Matrix completion and compressive sensing
 - several other types of matrix completion problems
- Theoretical bounds
 - random missing mechanism
 - several different styles of analysis
 - upper bounds on fraction of missing entries

Assuming availability of user/item meta-features

- Incorporate user and/or item features
 - regression prior based methods
 - a unified model
- Probabilistic models
 - two-stage hierarchical models
 - Monte Carlo EM

Data in the form of multiple entities in multiple relations

• Joint matrix factorization

— More general framework for simultaneous low-rank factorization of multiple matrices

- Not as many real use cases

— Still some technical issues need to addressed: entity profiles involved in multiple relations

- Application in document recommendation
 - documents, authors, publication venues
 - joint factorization

Capture temporal variations of user/item characteristics

- Temporal dynamics
 - Modifications of MF-based methods
 - Improvements?
- Transient vs. recurrent interests

Next-basket problems

- Each user is identified with a transition matrix on items, rather than a simple rating vector on items
 - Tensor factorization
 - Simplifications done on pair-wise factors

Assuming no meta-features: designing interview process by asking a sequence of questions

- Simple questions
- Information criteria
- Static seed approaches
- Interview process based on decision trees

Multi-armed bandit problem

- Upper confidence bound method (UCB)
- Exploration and exploitation
 - items constantly change
 - need to present new items to user to get feedback
 - long term reward

Long-tail phenomenon

- Long Tail phenomenon in Netflix data
 - head and tail measured in relative sense
- How to leverage long tail for CF?
 - user clustering: related to group recommendation

Cross-domain recommendation: leverage data for mature domains

- Matrix factorization based methods
 - what factors are shared?
- Multiple domain problems
 - Correlated user profiles for different domains

Content based Recommendation and User Modeling for Community Conversations

- Search and recommendation agent in a 'conversational' community
- User models (short term and long term)
- NLP and IE for query reformulations and conversational/semantic search

Recommendations exploring social networks. Can be considered as a special case of joint matrix factorization

- Trust and distrust
- Interests and friendship propagation
- Positive and negative influences

Discuss several conventional evaluation metrics for CF

- Evaluation metrics
 - RMSE
 - MAE
 - DCG-like metrics for ranking
- Diversity

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- Reduce memory footprint using hashing — matrix factorization on reduced space
- Scalability
- Parallel implementations

- Group recommendation
 - convert to ranking problem
 - rank aggregation methods
- Subset of items

Distrust propagation



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• Netflix data privacy

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